License to Carry a Firearm (CCW Permits)

209.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide a written process for the application, issuance, denial, appeal, and revocation of a license to carry a firearm, also known as a CCW Permit (Penal Code § 26150; Penal Code § 26155).

209.2 POLICY

The Police Chief is given the authority to issue a license to carry a concealed firearm to residents within the community (Penal Code § 26155). This policy provides the written process for the application and issuance of such licenses. When determining whether to issue a license, the Police Chief will fairly and impartially consider all applications in accordance with applicable law and this policy.

209.3 QUALIFIED APPLICANTS

1. When a person applies for a new license or license renewal to carry a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person, the Police Chief shall issue or renew a license to that person upon proof of all of the following (Penal Code § 26155):

a. The applicant is not a disqualified person to receive such a license, as determined in accordance with the standards set forth in Penal Code § 26202.

b. The applicant is not prohibited by State or federal law from possessing, receiving, owning, or purchasing a firearm (Penal Code § 26185; Penal Code § 26195).

c. The applicant is at least 21 years of age, and presents clear evidence of the person's identity and age, as defined in Penal Code § 16400.

d.The applicant is a resident of Davis. Prima facie evidence of residency includes, but is not limited to, the address where the applicant is registered to vote, the applicant's filing of a homeowner's property tax exemption, and other acts, occurrences, or events that indicate presence in the city is more than temporary or transient. The presumption of residency in the city may be rebutted by satisfactory evidence that the applicant's primary residence is in another county or city within the county (Penal Code § 26150; Penal Code § 26155).

e. The applicant fully completed the California Department of Justice (DOJ) Application for a License to Carry a Weapon Capable of being Concealed (CCW) (Penal Code § 26175).

f. The applicant submitted fingerprints and completed a criminal background check (Penal Code § 26185).

g. The applicant paid all associated application fees (Penal Code § 26190).

h. The applicant is free from any psychological conditions that might make the applicant unsuitable for carrying a firearm (Penal Code § 26190).

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i. The applicant has completed a course of training as described in Penal Code § 26165.

j. The applicant is the recorded owner, with the Department of Justice, of the pistol, revolver, or other firearm for which the license will be issued.

2. Disqualified Applicants

Unless a court makes a contrary determination pursuant to Penal Code § 26206, an applicant shall be deemed to be a disqualified person and cannot receive or renew a license if the applicant:

a. Is reasonably likely to be a danger to self, others, or the community at large, as demonstrated by anything in the application for a license or through the background investigation, or as shown by the results of any psychological assessment, including, but not limited to, the assessment described in Penal Code § 26190.

b. Has been convicted of contempt of court under Penal Code § 166.

c. Has been subject to any restraining order, protective order, or other type of court order issued pursuant to the following statutory provisions, unless that order expired or was vacated or otherwise canceled more than five years prior to the licensing authority receiving the completed application:

1. Section 646.91 or Part 3 (commencing with Section 6240) of Division 10 of the Family Code.

- 2. Part 4 (commencing with Section 6300) of Division 10 of the Family Code.
- 3. Sections 136.2 and 18100 of the Penal Code.
- 4. Section 527.6, 527.8, or 527.85 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- 5. Section 213.5, 304, 362.4, 726.5, or 15657.03 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

d. In the 10 years prior to the licensing authority receiving the completed application for a new license or a license renewal, has been convicted of an offense listed in Penal Code §§ 422.6, 422.7, 422.75, or 29805.

d. Has engaged in an unlawful or reckless use, display, or brandishing of a firearm.

f. In the 10 years prior to the licensing authority receiving the completed application for a new license or a license renewal, has been charged with any offense listed in Penal Code §§

290, 667.5, 1192.7, 1192.8, or 29805 that was dismissed pursuant to a plea or dismissed with a waiver pursuant to People v. Harvey (1979) 25 Cal.3d 754.

g. In the five years prior to the licensing authority receiving the completed application for a new license or a license renewal, has been committed to or incarcerated in county jail or state prison for, or on probation, parole, post release community supervision, or mandatory supervision as a result of, a conviction of an offense, an element of which involves controlled substances, as described in Sections 11053 to 11058, inclusive, of the Health and Safety Code, or alcohol.

h. Is currently abusing controlled substances, as described in Sections 11053 to 11058, inclusive, of the Health and Safety Code, or alcohol.

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i. In the 10 years prior to the licensing authority receiving the completed application for a new license or a license renewal, has experienced the loss or theft of multiple firearms due to the applicant's lack of compliance with federal, State, or local law regarding storing, transporting, or securing the firearm. For purposes of this paragraph, "multiple firearms" includes a loss of more than one firearm on the same occasion, or the loss of a single firearm on more than one occasion.

j. Failed to report a loss of a firearm as required by Penal Code §§ 25250 or any other State, federal, or local law requiring the reporting of the loss of a firearm.

209.4 APPLICATION PROCESS

The application process for a license to carry a firearm shall consist of two phases. Upon the successful completion of each phase, the applicant will advance to the next phase until the process is completed and the license is either issued or denied.

209.4.1 PHASE ONE (TO BE COMPLETED BY ALL APPLICANTS) Phase 1

a. Any individual applying for a license to carry a concealed weapon shall first fully complete a Concealed Weapons License Application (BOF 4012 Rev. 1.2023) to be signed under penalty of perjury. The application shall be signed in the presence of a police official after the application is filed and during the personal interview. It is illegal to knowingly make any false statements on such an application (Penal Code § 26180).

1. In the event of any discrepancies in the application or background investigation, the applicant may be required to undergo a Computerized Voice Stress Analyzer (CVSA) examination at no cost to the applicant.

2. If an incomplete CCW Application package is received, the Department may do any of the following:

a. Require the applicant to complete the package before any further processing.

b. Advance the incomplete package to Phase 2 for conditional processing pending completion of all mandatory conditions.

c. Issue a denial if the materials submitted at the time demonstrate that the applicant would not qualify for a CCW Permit even if the package was completed (e.g., not a resident, disqualifying criminal conviction).

b. At the time the completed application is submitted, the applicant shall submit a check made payable to the City of Davis for a nonrefundable application fee to cover 50% of the cost of processing (Penal Code § 26190). Renewals also require a separate check made out to the Department of Justice.

1. The application fee does not include any additional fees required for fingerprinting, training, or psychological testing.

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2. Full payment of the remainder of the application fee will be required upon issuance of a license.

c. The applicant shall be required to submit to Live-Scan fingerprinting and a complete criminal background check by the California DOJ. Fingerprint fees will be collected in addition to the application fees.

d. Two recent passport size photos (two inches by two inches) of the applicant shall be submitted for Department use.

f. In determining whether an applicant is a disqualified person and cannot receive or renew a license, the Department shall conduct an investigation that meets all of the following minimum requirements:

1. An in-person interview with the applicant. For renewal applications, the licensing authority may elect to forgo this requirement.

2. In-person, virtual, or telephonic interviews with at least three character references, at least one of whom must be a person described in subdivision (b) of Penal Code § 273.5, if applicable, and at least one of whom must be the applicant's cohabitant, if applicable. For renewal applications, the licensing authority may elect to forgo this requirement.

3. A review of publicly available information about the applicant, including publicly available statements published or posted by the applicant.

4. A review of all information provided in the application for a license.

5. A review of all information provided by the Department of Justice in accordance with subdivision (a) of, paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of, and paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) of Penal Code § 26185, as well as firearms eligibility notices or any other information subsequently provided to the licensing authority regarding the applicant.

6. A review of the information in the California Restraining and Protective Order System accessible through the California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System.

g. The below listed areas may also be included in the background investigation:

- 1. DMV Records.
- 2. Department of Justice and National Crime Information Center records checks.
- 3. Military records, if applicable.
- 4. Medical records, if applicable.
- 5. Weapons registration check.

6. Local law enforcement agency records checks (especially concerning disturbances and similar activities which may not exist in DOJ records).

7. Personal interviews with neighbors, employers, co-workers, and references.

h. The applicant shall submit proof of ownership and registration of each weapon to be licensed for concealment.

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i. The applicant will be scheduled for a personal interview with the Police Chief, or their designee, for further exploration of the applicant's application, background, and any potential restrictions or conditions that might be placed on the license.

j. Once the completed application package and relevant background information has been reviewed, the application will either be advanced to Phase 2 or denied.

k. In the event that an application is denied at the conclusion of or during phase one, the applicant shall be notified in writing within 90 days of the initial application or within 30 days after receipt of the applicant's criminal background check from the California DOJ, whichever is later (Penal Code § 26202). If the license is denied, the notice shall state which requirement was not satisfied.

209.4.2 PHASE TWO Phase 2

This phase is to be completed only by those applicants successfully completing phase one.

a. The Department may require the applicant be referred to an authorized psychologist used by the Department for psychological testing in order to determine the applicant's suitability for carrying a concealed weapon (Penal Code § 26190). The cost of such psychological testing shall be paid by the applicant. This testing is not intended to certify the applicant is psychologically fit to carry a weapon. It is instead intended to determine whether an applicant has any outward indications or history of psychological problems that might render them unfit to carry a concealed weapon. If it is determined that the applicant is not a suitable candidate for carrying a concealed weapon, the applicant shall be removed from further consideration.

b. A new applicant shall complete a minimum of sixteen (16) hours of training approved by the Department which complies with Penal Code § 26165. A CCW renewal requires at least eight (8) hours of training approved by the Department which complies with Penal Code § 26165. During the training, the applicant shall successfully complete the Department approved firearms safety and proficiency examination with the weapon to be licensed.

c. The applicant shall submit any weapon to be considered for a license for a full safety inspection. The Department reserves the right to deny a license for any weapon from an unrecognized manufacturer or any weapon that has been altered from the manufacturer's specifications.

d. Once the Department has verified the successful completion of Phase 2, the license to carry a concealed weapon will either be granted or denied.

e. Whether an application is approved or denied at the conclusion of or during phase two, the applicant shall be notified in writing within 120 days of the initial application or within 30 days after receipt of the applicant's criminal background check from the Department of Justice, whichever is later. If the license is denied, the notice shall state which requirement was not satisfied (Penal Code § 26205).

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209.5 ISSUED FIREARMS PERMITS

1. In the event a license to carry a concealed weapon is issued, the following shall apply:

a. The license is not valid outside the State of California;

b. The license shall be laminated, bearing the expiration date, type of weapon(s), restrictions and other pertinent information clearly visible.

- c. Each license shall clearly identify the licensee.
- d. All licenses shall be subjected to inspection by any law enforcement officer.

e. A regular license will be valid for a period not to exceed two years from the date of issuance. A license issued to State or federal magistrate, commissioner or judge will be valid for a period not to exceed three years.

f. The licensee shall notify the Police Chief in writing within ten days of any change of place of residency. If the licensee moves out of the county of issuance, the license shall expire ninety (90) days after the licensee has moved.

2. License Restrictions

a. The Police Chief may place special restrictions limiting time, place, manner and circumstances under which any license shall be valid. All such restrictions or conditions shall be conspicuously noted on any license issued (Penal Code § 26200(c)). The licensee may be required to sign a Restrictions and Conditions Agreement. Any violation of any of the restrictions and conditions may result in the immediate revocation of the license.

b. While carrying an authorized concealed firearm, a licensee shall not do any of the following (Penal Code § 26200):

1. Consume an alcoholic beverage or controlled substance as described in Sections 11053 to 11058, inclusive, of the Health and Safety Code.

2. Be in a place having a primary purpose of dispensing alcoholic beverages for onsite consumption.

3. Be under the influence of any alcoholic beverage, medication, or controlled substance as described in Sections 11053 to 11058, inclusive, of the Health and Safety Code.

4. Carry a firearm not listed on the license or a firearm for which they are not the recorded owner. This paragraph does not apply to a licensee who was issued a license pursuant to Section 26170, in which case they may carry a firearm that is registered to the agency for which the licensee has been deputized or appointed to serve as a peace officer, and the licensee carries the firearm consistent with that agency's policies.

- 5. Falsely represent to a person that the licensee is a peace officer.
- 6. Engage in an unjustified display of a deadly weapon.
- 7. Fail to carry the license on their person.
- 8. Impede a peace officer in the conduct of their activities.
- 9. Refuse to display the license or to provide the firearm to a peace officer upon demand for purposes of inspecting the firearm.

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10. Violate any federal, State, or local criminal law.

c. The Police Chief, or their designee, reserves the right to inspect any license or licensed weapon at any time.

d. A licensee authorized to carry a concealed firearm shall not carry more than two firearms under the licensee's control at one time.

e. The alteration of any previously approved weapon including, but not limited to, adjusting trigger pull, adding laser sights or modifications shall void any license and serve as grounds for revocation.

3. Prohibited Places

a. Prohibited Places (Penal Code § 26230)

1. A person granted a license to carry a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person pursuant shall not carry a firearm on or into any of the following:

a. A place prohibited by Penal Code § 626.9.

b. A building, real property, or parking area under the control of a preschool or childcare facility, including a room or portion of a building under the control of a preschool or childcare facility. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent the operator of a childcare facility in a family home from owning or possessing a firearm in the home if no child under child care at the home is present in the home or the firearm in the home is unloaded, stored in a locked container, and stored separately from ammunition when a child under child care at the home is present in the home so long as the childcare provider notifies clients that there is a firearm in the home.

c. A building, parking area, or portion of a building under the control of an officer of the executive or legislative branch of the State government, except as allowed pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Penal Code § 171c.

d. A building designated for a court proceeding, including matters before a superior court, district court of appeal, or the California Supreme Court, parking area under the control of the owner or operator of that building, or a building or portion of a building under the control of the Supreme Court, unless the person is a justice, judge, or commissioner of that court.

e. A building, parking area, or portion of a building under the control of a unit of local government, unless the firearm is being carried for purposes of training pursuant to Penal Code § 26165.

f. A building, real property, and parking area under the control of an adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison, or jail.

g. A building, real property, and parking area under the control of a public or private hospital or hospital affiliate, mental health facility, nursing home, medical office, urgent care facility, or other place at which medical services are customarily provided. Davis PD Policy Manual

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h. A bus, train, or other form of transportation paid for in whole or in part with public funds, and a building, real property, or parking area under the control of a transportation authority supported in whole or in part with public funds.

i. A building, real property, and parking area under the control of a vendor or an establishment where intoxicating liquor is sold for consumption on the premises.

j. A public gathering or special event conducted on property open to the public that requires the issuance of a permit from a federal, State, or local government and sidewalk or street immediately adjacent to the public gathering or special event but is not more than 1,000 feet from the event or gathering, provided this prohibition shall not apply to a licensee who must walk through a public gathering in order to access their residence, place of business, or vehicle.

k. A playground or public or private youth center, as defined in Penal Code § 626.95, and a street or sidewalk immediately adjacent to the playground or youth center.

I. A park, athletic area, or athletic facility that is open to the public and a street or sidewalk immediately adjacent to those areas, provided this prohibition shall not apply to a licensee who must walk through such a place in order to access their residence, place of business, or vehicle.

m. Real property under the control of the Department of Parks and Recreation or Department of Fish and Wildlife, except those areas designated for hunting pursuant to Section 5003.1 of the Public Resources Code, Section 4501 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations, or any other designated public hunting area, public shooting ground, or building where firearm possession is permitted by applicable law.

n. Any area under the control of a public or private community college, college, or university, including, but not limited to, buildings, classrooms, laboratories, medical clinics, hospitals, artistic venues, athletic fields or venues, entertainment venues, officially recognized university-related organization properties, whether owned or leased, and any real property, including parking areas, sidewalks, and common areas.

o. A building, real property, or parking area that is or would be used for gambling or gaming of any kind whatsoever, including, but not limited to, casinos, gambling establishments, gaming clubs, bingo operations, facilities licensed by the California Horse Racing Board, or a facility wherein banked or percentage games, any form of gambling device, or lotteries, other than the California State Lottery, are or will be played.

p. A stadium, arena, or the real property or parking area under the control of a stadium, arena, or a collegiate or professional sporting or eSporting event.

q. A building, real property, or parking area under the control of a public library.

r. A building, real property, or parking area under the control of an airport or passenger vessel terminal, as those terms are defined in subdivision (a) of Section 171.5.

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s. A building, real property, or parking area under the control of an amusement park.

t. A building, real property, or parking area under the control of a zoo or museum. u. A street, driveway, parking area, property, building, or facility, owned, leased, controlled, or used by a nuclear energy, storage, weapons, or development site or facility regulated by the federal Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

v. A church, synagogue, mosque, or other place of worship, including in any parking area immediately adjacent thereto, unless the operator of the place of worship clearly and conspicuously posts a sign at the entrance of the building or on the premises indicating that license-holders are permitted to carry firearms on the property. Signs shall be of a uniform design as prescribed by the Department of Justice and shall be at least four inches by six inches in size.

w. A financial institution or parking area under the control of a financial institution.x. A police, sheriff, or highway patrol station or parking area under control of a law enforcement agency.

y. A polling place, voting center, precinct, or other area or location where votes are being cast or cast ballots are being returned or counted, or the streets or sidewalks immediately adjacent to any of these places.

z. Any other privately owned commercial establishment that is open to the public, unless the operator of the establishment clearly and conspicuously posts a sign at the entrance of the building or on the premises indicating that license-holders are permitted to carry firearms on the property. Signs shall be of a uniform design as prescribed by the Department of Justice and shall be at least four inches by six inches in size.

aa. Any other place or area prohibited by other provisions of State law.

bb. Any other place or area prohibited by federal law.30

cc. Any other place or area prohibited by local law.

2. Notwithstanding Penal Code § 26230 (a) (as stated in a. above) except under paragraph (21) or (28) of subdivision (a), a licensee may transport a firearm and ammunition within their vehicle so long as the firearm is locked in a lock box, as defined in subdivision (y) of Section 4082 and subdivision (b) of Section 4094 of Title 11 of the California Code of Regulations, and the lock box is a firearm safety device, as defined in Penal Code § 16540, that is listed on the DOJ's Roster of Firearm Safety Devices Certified for Sale pursuant Penal Code §§ 23650 and 23655. Nothing in this subdivision is intended to preempt local laws placing more restrictive requirements upon the storage of firearms in vehicles (see Davis Municipal Code Article 26.09 regarding the safe storage of firearms in residences and vehicles).

3. Notwithstanding Penal Code § 26230 (a) (as stated in a. above) except under paragraph (21) or (28) of subdivision (a), a licensee prohibited from carrying a concealed firearm into the parking area of a prohibited location specified in subdivision (a) shall be allowed to:

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a. Transport a concealed firearm or ammunition within a vehicle into or out of the parking area so long as the firearm is locked in a lock box.

b. Store ammunition or a firearm within a locked lock box and out of plain view within the vehicle in the parking area. Nothing in this paragraph is intended to preempt local laws placing more restrictive requirements upon the storage of firearms in vehicles (see Davis Municipal Code Article 26.09 regarding the safe storage of firearms in residences and vehicles).

c. Transport a concealed firearm in the immediate area surrounding their vehicle within a prohibited parking lot area only for the limited purpose of storing or retrieving a firearm within a locked lock box in the vehicle's trunk or other place inside the vehicle that is out of plain view.

4. For purposes of subdivision c above, a lock box is an item as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 4082 and subdivision (y) of Section 4094 of Title 11 of the California Code of Regulations, which is a firearm safety device, as defined in Penal Code § 16540, that is listed on the DOJ's Roster of Firearm Safety Devices Certified for Sale pursuant to Penal Code §§ 23650 and 23655.

5. Except in the places specified in paragraph (14) above, a licensee shall not be in violation of this section while they are traveling along a public right-of-way that touches or crosses any of the premises identified in section a. above if the concealed firearm is carried on their person in accordance with the provisions of this act or is being transported in a vehicle by the licensee in accordance with all other applicable provisions of law. Nothing in this section allows a person to loiter or remain in a place longer than necessary to complete their travel.

6. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the carrying of a firearm where it is otherwise expressly authorized by law.

209.5.1 AMENDMENTS TO LICENSES

Any licensee may apply to amend a license at any time during the period of validity by completing and submitting a written Application for License Amendment along with the current processing fee to the Department in order to (Penal Code § 26215):

- (a) Add or delete authority to carry a firearm listed on the license.
- (b) Change restrictions or conditions previously placed on the license.
- (c) Change the address or other personal information of the licensee (Penal Code § 26210).

In the event that any amendment to a valid license is approved by the Police Chief, a new license will be issued reflecting the amendment. An amendment to any license will not serve to extend the original expiration date and an application for an amendment will not constitute an application for renewal of the license.

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209.5.2 REVOCATION OF LICENSES

Any license issued pursuant to this policy shall be revoked by the Police Chief for any of the following reasons (Penal Code § 26195):

- (a) The licensee is prohibited by State or federal law from owning or purchasing a firearm.
- (b) The licensee has become a disqualified person and cannot receive such a license in accordance with the standards set forth in Penal Code § 26202.
- (c) The licensee has breached any of the conditions or restrictions described in Penal Code § 26200.
- (d) Any information provided by a licensee in connection with an application for a new license or a license renewal is inaccurate or incomplete.

The issuance of a license by the Police Chief shall not entitle the holder to either a property or liberty interest as the issuance, amendment, or revocation of such license remains exclusively within the discretion of the Police Chief as set forth herein.

If any license is revoked, the Department will immediately notify the licensee in writing and the California DOJ (Penal Code § 26225).

209.5.3 LICENSE RENEWAL

No later than 90 days prior to the expiration of any valid license to carry a firearm, the licensee may apply to the Police Chief for a renewal by:

- (a) Verifying all information submitted in the original application under penalty of perjury.
- (b) Completing a training course pursuant to Penal Code § 26165 (no less than 8 yours).
- (c) Submitting any weapon to be considered for a license renewal for a full safety inspection. Submitting any firearm to be considered for a license renewal to the Rangemaster for a full safety inspection. The Police Chief reserves the right to deny a license for any firearm that has been altered from the manufacturer's specifications or that is unsafe (Penal Code § 31910).
- (d) Paying the applicable renewal application fee.

Within 90 days of receiving the completed application for a renewal license, the Department shall give written notice to the applicant of the department's initial determination whether or not the applicant is a disqualified person (Penal Code § 26202).

If the determination is that the applicant is not a disqualified person, the notice shall inform the applicant to proceed with the training requirements as specified in Penal Code § 26165. The Department shall then submit the renewal notification to the California DOJ as provided in Penal Code § 26185.

Once the Police Chief or the authorized designee has verified the successful completion of the renewal process, the renewal of the license to carry a firearm will either be granted or denied.

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209.5.4 REQUEST FOR HEARING TO CHALLENGE DISQUALIFIED PERSON DETERMINATION (PENAL CODE § 26206)

1. If a new license or license renewal is denied or revoked based on a determination that the applicant is a disqualified person for such a license, as set forth in Penal Code § 26202, the Department shall provide the applicant with the notice of this determination as required under subdivision (d) of Penal Code § 26202, Penal Code § 26205, or paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of Penal Code § 26195. The notice shall state the reason as to why the determination was made and also inform the applicant that they may request a hearing from a court, as provided in this section, to review the denial or revocation. The licensing authority shall provide the applicant with a copy of the most recent "Request for Hearing to Challenge Disqualified Person Determination" form prescribed by the Department of Justice.

2. An applicant who has requested a hearing shall be given a hearing pursuant to Penal Code § 26206.

209.5.5 CHANGE OF ADDRESS (PENAL CODE§ 26210)

1. When a licensee has a change of address, the license shall be amended to reflect the new address and a new license shall be issued.

2. The licensee shall notify the Department in writing within 10 days of any change in the licensee's place of residence, and within 10 days of receiving that notice, the Department shall notify the Department of Justice of the change in a licensee's place of residence.

3. If both of the following conditions are satisfied, a license to carry a concealed handgun may not be revoked solely because the licensee's place of residence has changed to another county:

a. The licensee has not breached any of the conditions or restrictions set forth in the license or imposed in accordance with Penal Code § 26200.

b. The licensee has not become prohibited by state or federal law from possessing, receiving, owning, or purchasing a firearm.

4. Notwithstanding I, 3 above, if a licensee's place of residence was the basis for issuance of a license, any license shall expire 90 days after the licensee moves from the county of issuance (Penal Code § 26210(d).

209.6 DEPARTMENT REPORTING AND RECORDS

The Department shall maintain a record of the following and immediately provide copies of each to the California DOJ (Penal Code § 26225):

- (a) The denial of a license
- (b) The denial of an amendment to a license
- (c) The issuance of a license
- (d) The amendment of a license
- (e) The revocation of a license

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The Police Chief shall annually submit to the State Attorney General the total number of licenses to carry firearms issued to reserve peace officers and judges.

209.7 CONFIDENTIAL RECORDS

The home address and telephone numbers of any peace officer, public defender, prosecutor, magistrate, court commissioner, or judge contained in an application shall not be considered a public record (Government Code § 7923.805).

Any information in any application or license which tends to indicate when or where the applicant is vulnerable to attack or that concerns the applicant's medical or psychological history or that of their family shall not be considered public record (Government Code § 7923.800).

209.8 WRITTEN NOTICE FOR DENIAL OF LICENSE

The Police Chief or the authorized designee shall give written notice to the applicant for a new license that the license is approved or denied within 120 days of the initial application or within 30 days after receipt of the applicant's criminal background check from the California DOJ, whichever is later (Penal Code § 26205).

Written notice to an applicant for a renewal license that is approved or denied shall be given within 120 days of receiving the completed application (Penal Code § 26205).

Additionally, regardless of the type of license, if the license is denied, the notice shall state which requirement was not satisfied (Penal Code § 26205).

209.9 POLICY AVAILABILITY

This policy shall be made accessible to the public as provided by Penal Code § 26160.

See attachment: BOF 4012 -With Title Page 1.pdf

See attachment: BOF 4502 CCW Amendment Application 1.pdf

See attachment: BOF 8018 Firearms Prohibiting Categories 1.pdf

See attachment: Davis PD Approved Insructors.pdf

Attachments

BOF 4012 -With Title Page 1.pdf

CCW License Application

If you live within a jurisdiction of a city police department, you may apply to the city police department or county sheriff's office for a CCW license. However, only residents of a city may apply to a city's police department for a CCW license.

For the **City of Davis**, begin the process by completing the application and submitting it to:

Attn: Police Chief Davis Police Department 2600 Fifth Street Davis, CA 95618

The Department will contact the application within 1-2 weeks to begin the process, which includes fingerprinting.

Applicant Contact information

Name:
Address:
Геlephone Number:
Email Address:

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE BUREAU OF FIREARMS STANDARD INITIAL AND RENEWAL APPLICATION FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A WEAPON CAPABLE OF BEING CONCEALED

<u>Authority</u>

California Penal Code sections 26150, 26155, and 26170 provide that a sheriff of a county or the chief or other head of a municipal police department of any city or city and county, upon proof that the applicant meets the statutory qualifications, shall issue or renew a license to carry a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person (CCW license). Penal Code section 26175 requires the Attorney General to issue a statewide standard application form for CCW licenses.

Who Shall be Issued a CCW License

The licensing authority specified in Penal Code sections 26150 and 26155 (a sheriff or the chief, or other head of a municipal police department, or one of the two if there is an agreement between the relevant authorities under subdivision (c)) shall issue a license to persons who (1) are not a disqualified person to receive such a license, as determined in accordance with the standards set forth in Penal Code section 26202; (2) are at least 21 years of age; (3) are residents of the county or a city within the county of the licensing authority, or have their principal place of employment or business in the county or a city within the county and spend a substantial amount of time in that place of employment or business; (4) have completed the required course of training, as described in Penal Code section 26165; and (5) are the recorded owner, with the Department of Justice, of the pistol, revolver, or other firearm for which the license will be issued.

The licensing authority specified in Penal Code section 26170 (a sheriff or the chief, or other head of a municipal police department) shall issue a license to persons who (1) are not a disqualified person to receive such a license, as determined in accordance with the standards set forth in Penal Code section 26202; (2) are at least 21 years of age; (3) have been deputized or appointed as a peace officer pursuant to Penal Code section 830.6, subdivisions (a) or (b) by that sheriff or that chief of police or other head of a municipal police department; (4) are the recorded owner, with the Department of Justice, of the pistol, revolver, or other firearm for which the license will be issued, or are authorized to carry a firearm that is registered to the agency for which the licensee has been deputized or appointed to serve as a peace officer.

Every applicant for an initial CCW license will be fingerprinted and state and federal records will be checked to determine if the applicant is eligible to possess, receive, own, or purchase firearms under state and federal law. For informational purposes only, provided along with this application is a separate enclosure which lists categories that prohibit a person from possessing firearms and thus from being granted a CCW license. Because the enclosure is updated periodically to reflect new legislation and other changes in the law, the most recent version should be reviewed.

Disqualified Persons Who Cannot Receive or Renew a CCW License

Under Penal Code section 26202, unless a court makes a contrary determination pursuant to Penal Code section 26206, an applicant shall be deemed to be a disqualified person and cannot receive or renew a CCW license if the licensing authority determines that the applicant:

- 1. Is reasonably likely to be a danger to self, others, or the community at large;
- 2. Has been convicted of contempt of court under Penal Code section 166;
- 3. Has been subject to any restraining order, protective order, or other type of court order issued pursuant to the statutory provisions listed in Penal Code section 26202, subdivision (a)(3), unless that order expired or was vacated or otherwise canceled more than five years prior to the licensing authority receiving this completed application;
- 4. In the ten years prior to the licensing authority receiving this completed application, has been convicted of an offense listed in Penal Code sections 422.6, 422.7, 422.75, or 29805;
- 5. Has engaged in an unlawful or reckless use, display, or brandishing of a firearm;
- 6. In ten years prior to the licensing authority receiving this completed application, has been charged with any offense listed in Penal Code sections 290, 667.5, 1192.7, 1192.8, or 29805 that was dismissed pursuant to a plea or dismissed with a waiver pursuant to *People v. Harvey* (1979) 25 Cal.3d 754;
- 7. In the five years prior to the licensing authority receiving this completed application, has been committed to or incarcerated in county jail or state prison for, or probation, parole, post release community supervision, or mandatory supervision as a result of, a conviction of an offense, an element of which involves controlled substances (as described in Health and Safety Code sections 11053 to 11058, inclusive) or alcohol;
- 8. Is currently abusing controlled substances (as described in Health and Safety Code sections 11053 to 11058, inclusive), or alcohol;



- 9. Within the ten years prior to the licensing authority receiving this completed application, has experienced the loss or theft of multiple firearms due to the applicant's lack of compliance with federal, state, or local law in storing, transporting, or securing the firearm; or
- 10. Failed to report a loss of a firearm as required by Penal Code section 25250 or any other state, federal, or local law requiring the reporting of the loss of a firearm.

Format of CCW License

A CCW license shall be issued in either of the following formats:

- 1. A license to carry concealed a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person; or
- 2. Where the population of the county is less than 200,000 persons according to the most recent federal decennial census, a license to carry loaded and exposed in only that county a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person.

Training Required

Penal Code sections 26150 and 26155 specify that new license applicants must complete a course of training. The training may consist of any course acceptable to the licensing authority and no less than 16 hours in length that meets the minimum criteria set forth in Penal Code section 26165, subdivision (a). Instead of a course described in Penal Code section 26165, subdivision (a), the licensing authority may require a community college course, not to exceed 24 hours, certified by the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training. If the licensing authority requires the community college course, it must be uniformly required for all CCW license applicants.

For license renewal applicants, the course of training may be any course acceptable to the licensing authority that is no less than eight hours in length, and that otherwise meets the minimum criteria set forth in Penal Code section 26165, subdivision (a).

A licensing authority must establish and make available to the public the live-fire exercise requirements it uses (including the minimum number of rounds to be fired and minimum passing scores from specified firing distances) when issuing licenses. (Penal Code § 26165, subd. (b).)

Psychological Testing

Under Penal Code section 26190, subdivision (e), licensing authorities may also require psychological assessment for each initial application. If required, the applicant shall be referred to a licensed psychologist acceptable to the licensing authority. The applicant may be charged for the actual cost of the assessment. An additional psychological assessment of an applicant seeking license renewal shall be required only if there is compelling evidence of a public safety concern to indicate that an assessment is necessary.

Completing the Application

Pursuant to Penal Code section 26160, each licensing authority, in addition to using the standard application form, is required to publish and make available a written policy summarizing the provisions of Penal Code sections 26150 and 26155.

The application on the following pages sets forth standardized questions to be used by the CCW licensing authority to determine whether a CCW license shall be issued. The applicant must certify under penalty of perjury that all answers provided are true and correct to the best of their knowledge and belief. The applicant must also acknowledge that information disclosed in this application may be subject to the public disclosure.

Pursuant to Penal Code section 26175, subdivision (c)(2), in lieu of residence or business address, an applicant who participates in the program described in Chapter 3.1 of Division 7 of Title I of the Government Code (allowing address confidentiality for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking) may provide the address designated to the applicant by the Secretary of State. Pursuant to Penal Code section 26175, subdivision (c)(3), in lieu of a residence address, an applicant who falls within the categories described in Penal Code section 26220, subdivision (c) (listing judicial officers) may provide a business address or an alternative mailing address, such as a Post Office Box.



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Answering all the questions on this standard application does not guarantee the issuance of a CCW license. Prior to issuing a CCW license, the licensing authority is required to determine whether the applicant meets all the statutory qualifications under Penal Code section 26202, subdivision (b), the licensing authority is also required to conduct an investigation to determine whether the applicant is a disqualified person and cannot receive or renew a CCW license. That investigation must, at a minimum, include a review of all information provided in this application, an in-person interview with the applicant, interviews with at least three character references, a review of publicly available information about the applicant, a review of information provided by the Department of Justice, and a review of information in the California Restraining and Protective Order System. Interviews of the applicant and character references are mandatory for initial license applications. The licensing authority may elect to require these interviews for renewal license applications. The licensing authority may engage in investigative efforts in addition to these minimum requirements.

Important Instructions

Complete, read, and sign Sections 1 through 5, as directed. Use additional pages if more space is required.

Review your answers before your in-person interview with the licensing authority investigator and be prepared to clarify the information provided upon request. You have an affirmative duty to inform the investigator of any changes to your answers. Note that under Penal Code section 26180, any person who files an application for a CCW license knowing that statements contained therein are false is guilty of a misdemeanor, and in some instances, a felony.

Sections 7 and 8 must be completed in the presence of an official of the licensing authority.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DF 4012 (Rev. 01/2024) CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE BUREAU OF FIREARMS STANDARD INITIAL AND RENEWAL APPLICATION FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A WEAPON CAPABLE OF BEING CONCEALED						DEPAR	RTMENT OF JUSTICE PAGE 4 of 17
Typ Standard Reserve Peace Officer	Official Use Only be of License Requeste Judge Employment	d	[Initial App	lication	Renew	val Application
Section 1 - Personal	Information						
Last Name		First Name		Middle	Name		
If Applicable, Maiden	Name or Other Nan	nes(s) Used					
CA Driver License / ID) No.	CA Driver License Re	strictions	Cou	ntry of Citizens	hip	
Date of Birth	Age	Place of Birth (City, Co	ounty, State or	City and Co	unty if outside f	he U.	S.)
Height	Weig	ght	Eye Color		Hair Co	olor	
Residence Address		City	State	Zip Code	Telephone N	umbe	r (Day)
Mailing Address (if dif	ferent)	City	State	Zip Code	Telephone N	umbe	r (Evening)
Spouse/Domestic Par	tner Last Name	Spouse/Domestic Par	tner First Name	Spouse/	Domestic Partr	ıer Mi	ddle Name
Spouse/Domestic Par	tner Physical Addre	ess (if different than app	licant) City		Sta	ate	Zip Code
Applicant Occupation		B	usiness/Employ	/er Name			
Business/Employer A	ddress	City	State	Zip Code	Telephone N	umbe	r
List all previous reside	nce addresses for t	he past five years. Use	additional page	es if necessa	ıry.		
Address			City		Sta	ate	Zip Code
Address			City		Sta	ate	Zip Code
Address			City		Sta	ate	Zip Code
Address			City		Sta	ate	Zip Code

Sec	tion 2 - Information Pertaining to Eligibility and	d Disqualification for CCW License	
е		to carry a concealed weapon (CCW)? If yes, please / license number, and issue date. Use additional pages	☐ YES ☐ NO
	Issuing Agency Name	Issuing State	
	CCW License Number	Issue Date	
	lave you ever been denied a CCW license or had a ne agency name, date, and the reason for denial/re	a license revoked for any reason? If yes, please enter evocation.	□ YES□ NO
	Agency Name	Date	
	Reason for Denial/Revocation		
3.⊦	lave you ever held and subsequently renounced y	our United States citizenship? If yes, please explain.	
C		nse (civilian or military) in the United States or any d? If yes, please explain including the date, agency,	
ir		ited States or any other country? If yes, please explain ion or arrest resulted in criminal charges, and if so, the	YES NO
	are you now, or have you been, on probation, paro upervision from any state for conviction of any offe	le, post release community supervision, or mandatory ense including traffic? If yes, please explain.	
Г. А	are you now, or have you been, a party to a lawsuit	t in the last five years? If yes, please explain.	

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8. If you served with the Armed Forces, was your discharge other than honorable? If yes, please explain. YES NO 9. Are you now, or have you been, subject to any restraining order, protective order, or other type of court YES NO order issued pursuant to Penal Code section 646.91 (stalking); Part 3, commencing with section 6240, or Part 4, commencing with section 6300, of Division 10 of the Family Code (domestic violence or abuse); Penal Code section 136.2 (victims and witnesses of crime); Penal Code section 18100 (gun violence restraining order); Code of Civil Procedure section 527.6 (civil harassment); Code of Civil Procedure section 527.8 (workplace violence); Code of Civil Procedure section 527.85 (school violence); Welfare and Institutions Code sections 213.5, 304, 362.4, or 726.5 (juvenile court orders); or Welfare and Institutions Code section 15657.03 (elder/dependent adult abuse)? If yes, please explain. 10. Are you now, or have you been, subject to a valid restraining, protective, or stay-away order issued by an 🗌 YES 🗌 NO out-of-state jurisdiction pursuant to laws concerning domestic violence, family law, protection of children or elderly persons, stalking, harassment, witness intimidation, or firearm possession? If yes, please explain. 11. Are you now, or have you been, subject to a valid restraining, protective, or stay-away order issued by ☐ YES ☐ NO any court within the United States or by any out-of-state jurisdiction? If yes, please explain. 12. List all traffic violations (moving violations only) and motor vehicle accidents you have had in the last five years. Use additional pages if necessary. Violation/Accident Citation No. Date Agency Date Violation/Accident Citation No. Agency Date Violation/Accident Citation No. Agency Date

THE ATTORNEY OF

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE BUREAU OF FIREARMS STANDARD INITIAL AND RENEWAL APPLICATION FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A WEAPON CAPABLE OF BEING CONCEALED

13. Have you ever been taken into custody as a danger to self or others for reasons related to mental health under Welfare and Institutions Code sections 5150 or 5585, or assessed under Welfare and Institutions Code sections 5150, or admitted to a mental health facility under Welfare and Institutions Code sections 5150 or 5152, or certified for mental health treatment under Welfare and Institutions Code sections 5250, 5260, or 5270.15? If yes, please explain.

14. Have you ever otherwise been treated for mental illness? If yes, please explain.

15. Have you ever been found not guilty by a reason of insanity or mentally incompetent to stand trial? If yes, 🗌 YES 🗌 NO please explain.

16. Are you now, or have you ever been, addicted to a controlled substance or alcohol, or have you ever utilized an illegal controlled substance, or have you ever reported to a detoxification or drug treatment program? If yes, please explain.

17. Have you engaged in an unlawful or reckless use, display, or brandishing of a firearm ? If yes, please	□ YES □ NO
explain.	

18. Have you ever been involved in an incident involving firearms? If yes, please explain.

YES NO

19. Have you ever been involved in a domestic violence incident? If yes, please explain.

□ YES □ NO

YES NO



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20. H	ave vou withheld	any fact that might a	affect the decision to	approve this license? If	ves, please explain.	□ YES□ NO
20.10		any last that high t		, approve and neeriee. In	yee, pieuse explain.	

21. Have you ever lost a firearm, or had a firearm stolen? If yes, please explain and describe whether you YES NO reported the loss or theft of the firearm.

The licensing authority investigator should request clarification on any of the information provided by the applicant, as appropriate, and confirm that none of the applicant's answers have changed.

Investigator's notes. Use additional pages if necessary.

Section 3 - Character References

Please list the names and contact information of three persons willing to serve as references. One of the three must be person described in Penal Code section 273.5, subdivision (b) (your spouse or former spouse, your cohabitant or former cohabitant, your fiancée, or someone with whom you have, or previously had, an engagement or dating relationship, or the mother or father of your child), if applicable. At least one of the three must be your cohabitant, if applicable.

Name	Relationship	Phone Number
Name	Relationship	Phone Number
Name	Relationship	Phone Number

Section 4 - Description of Firearms

List below the firearms you desire to carry if granted a CCW license. You must be the recorded owner, with the Department of Justice, of any firearm listed below. You may use a CCW license granted in response to this application only for carrying the firearm(s) which you list and describe herein, unless you apply for and obtain an amendment. Any misuse will cause an automatic revocation under Penal Code section 26195, subdivision (b), and possible arrest. Use additional pages if necessary.

Make	Model	Caliber	Serial Number
Make	Model	Caliber	Serial Number
Make	Model	Caliber	Serial Number
Make	Model	Caliber	Serial Number
Make	Model	Caliber	Serial Number
Make	Model	Caliber	Serial Number
Make	Model	Caliber	Serial Number
Make	Model	Caliber	Serial Number
Make	Model	Caliber	Serial Number



Section 5 - CCW License Conditions and Restrictions

The licensee is responsible for all liability for, injury to, or death of any person, or damage to any property which may result through any act or omission of either the licensee or the licensing authority. In the event any claim, suit, or action is brought against the licensing authority, its chief officer or any of its employees, by reason of, or in connection with any such act or omission, the licensee shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the licensing authority, its chief officer or any of its employees from such claim, suit, or action.

The licensee authorizes the licensing authority to investigate, as they deem necessary, the licensee's record and character to ascertain any and all information which may concern their possible disqualifications to be issued a CCW license and release said issuing agency of any and all liability arising out of such investigation.

While exercising the privileges granted to the licensee under the terms of this license, the licensee shall not (pursuant to Penal Code section 26200), when carrying a concealable weapon as authorized by this license:

- Consume any alcoholic beverage, or controlled substance as described in Health and Safety Code sections 11053 to 11058, inclusive.
- Be in a place having a primary purpose of dispensing alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption.
- Be under the influence of any alcoholic beverage, medication, or controlled substance as described in Health and Safety Code sections 11053 to 11058, inclusive.
- Carry a firearm not listed on the license or a firearm for which they are not the recorded owner (unless the licensee was issued a CCW under Penal Code section 26170 and has been authorized to carry a firearm that is registered to the agency for which the licensee has been deputized or appointed to serve as a peace officer).
- Falsely represent to a person that the licensee is a peace officer.
- Engage in unjustified display of a deadly weapon.
- Fail to carry the license on their person.
- Impede any peace officer in the performance of their activities.
- Refuse to display the license or provide the firearm to any peace officer upon demand for purposes of inspecting the firearm.
- Fail to comply with any reasonable restrictions or conditions the licensing authority imposes, including restrictions as to the time, place, manner, and circumstances under which a licensee may carry a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed on the person.
- Carry more than two firearms under the licensee's control at one time.
- Violate any federal, state, or local criminal law.

Title 49, section 46505 of the United States Code states that a license to carry a concealed weapon does not authorize a person to carry a firearm, tear gas, or any dangerous weapon aboard commercial airlines. Such violation can result in arrest by law enforcement.

Any violation of these restrictions or conditions may result in the CCW license being revoked, or may void any further use of the license until reinstated by the licensing authority.



Section 6 - Applicable California Penal Code Sections for CCW Licensees

Although license holders must obey all current federal, state, and local laws, the following Penal Code sections are of special importance to the holder of a CCW license regarding the use, carrying, and storage of firearms. Please note that the Penal Code excerpts provided below are for informational purposes only. To the extent these laws change over time, those changes have controlling effect.

Penal Code section 26180 - False Statement on Application Form

- (a) Any person who files an application required by Section 26175 knowing that statements contained therein are false is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- (b) Any person who knowingly makes a false statement on the application regarding any of the following is guilty of a felony:
 - (1) The denial or revocation of a license, or the denial of an amendment to a license, issued pursuant to this article.
 - (2) A criminal conviction.
 - (3) A finding of not guilty by reason of insanity.
 - (4) The use of a controlled substance.
 - (5) A dishonorable discharge from military service.
 - (6) A commitment to a mental institution.
 - (7) A renunciation of United States citizenship.

Penal Code section 192 - Manslaughter [excerpt, subdivisions (c) - (f) not included]

Manslaughter is the unlawful killing of a human being without malice.

(a) Voluntary - upon a sudden quarrel or heat of passion.

(b) Involuntary - in the commission of an unlawful act, not amounting to a felony; or in the commission of a lawful act which might produce death, in an unlawful manner, or without due caution and circumspection. This subdivision shall not apply to acts committed in the driving of a vehicle.

Penal Code section 197 - Justifiable Homicide; Any Person

Homicide is also justifiable when committed by any person in any of the following cases:

- (1) When resisting any attempt to murder any person, or to commit a felony, or to do some great bodily injury upon any person.
- (2) When committed in defense of habitation, property, or person, against one who manifestly intends or endeavors, by violence or surprise, to commit a felony, or against one who manifestly intends and endeavors, in a violent, riotous, or tumultuous manner, to enter the habitation of another for the purpose of offering violence to any person therein.
- (3) When committed in the lawful defense of such person, or of a spouse, parent, child, master, mistress or servant of such person, when there is reasonable ground to apprehend a design to commit a felony or to do some great bodily injury, and imminent danger of such design being accomplished; but such person, or the person in whose behalf the defense was made, if he or she was the assailant or engaged in mutual combat, must really and in good faith have endeavored to decline any further struggle before the homicide was committed.
- (4) When necessarily committed in attempting, by lawful ways and means, to apprehend any person for any felony committed, or in lawfully suppressing any riot, or in lawfully keeping and preserving the peace.

Penal Code section 198 - Justifiable Homicide; Sufficiency of Fear

A bare fear of the commission of any of the offenses mentioned in subdivisions 2 and 3 of Section 197, to prevent which homicide may be lawfully committed, is not sufficient to justify it. But the circumstances must be sufficient to excite the fears of a reasonable person, and the party killing must have acted under the influence of such fears alone.

Penal Code section 25100 - Criminal Storage of Firearm

- (a) Except as provided in Section 25105, a person commits the crime of "criminal storage of a firearm of the first degree" if all of the following conditions are satisfied:
 - (1) The person keeps any firearm within any premises that are under the person's custody or control.
 - (2) The person knows or reasonably should know that a child is likely to gain access to the firearm without the permission of the child's parent or legal guardian, or that a person prohibited from possessing a firearm or deadly weapon pursuant to state or federal law is likely to gain access to the firearm.



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- (3) The child obtains access to the firearm and thereby causes death or great bodily injury to the child or any other person, or the person prohibited from possessing a firearm or deadly weapon pursuant to state or federal law obtains access to the firearm and thereby causes death or great bodily injury to themselves or any other person.
- (b) Except as provided in Section 25105, a person commits the crime of "criminal storage of a firearm of the second degree" if all of the following conditions are satisfied:
 - (1) The person keeps any firearm within any premises that are under the person's custody or control.
 - (2) The person knows or reasonably should know that a child is likely to gain access to the firearm without the permission of the child's parent or legal guardian, or that a person prohibited from possessing a firearm or deadly weapon pursuant to state or federal law is likely to gain access to the firearm.
 - (3) The child obtains access to the firearm and thereby causes injury, other than great bodily injury, to the child or any other person, or carries the firearm either to a public place or in violation of Section 417, or the person prohibited from possessing a firearm or deadly weapon pursuant to state or federal law obtains access to the firearm and thereby causes injury, other than great bodily injury, to themselves or any other person, or carries the firearm either to a public place or in violation of Section 417.
- (c) Except as provided in Section 25105, a person commits the crime of "criminal storage of a firearm in the third degree" if the person keeps any firearm within any premises that are under the person's custody or control and negligently stores or leaves a firearm in a location where the person knows, or reasonably should know, that a child is likely to gain access to the firearm without the permission of the child's parent or legal guardian, unless reasonable action is taken by the person to secure the firearm against access by the child.

Penal Code section 25105 - Exceptions to Criminal Storage of Firearm

Section 25100 does not apply whenever any of the following occurs:

- (a) The child obtains the firearm as a result of an illegal entry to any premises by any person.
- (b) The firearm is kept in a locked container or in a location that a reasonable person would believe to be secure.
- (c) The firearm is carried on the person or within close enough proximity thereto that the individual can readily retrieve and use the firearm as if carried on the person.
- (d) The firearm is locked with a locking device, as defined in Section 16860, which has rendered the firearm inoperable.
- (e) The person is a peace officer or a member of the Armed Forces or the National Guard and the child obtains the firearm during, or incidental to, the performance of the person's duties.
- (f) The child obtains, or obtains and discharges, the firearm in a lawful act of self-defense for defense of another person.
- (g) The person who keeps a loaded firearm on any premises that are under the person's custody or control has no reasonable expectation, based on objective facts and circumstances, that a child is likely to be present on the premises.

Penal Code section 25200 - Storage of Firearm Accessed by Children or Prohibited Persons and Carried Off-Premises

- (a) If all of the following conditions are satisfied, a person shall be punished by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by both that imprisonment and fine:
 - (1) The person keeps a firearm, loaded or unloaded, within any premises that are under the person's custody or control.
 - (2) The person knows or reasonably should know that a child is likely to gain access to that firearm without the permission of the child's parent or legal guardian, or that a person prohibited from possessing a firearm or deadly weapon pursuant to state or federal law is likely to gain access to the firearm.
 - (3) The child or the prohibited person obtains access to that firearm and thereafter carries that firearm off-premises.
- (b) If all of the following conditions are satisfied, a person shall be punished by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars (\$5,000), or by both that imprisonment and fine:
 - (1) The person keeps any firearm within any premises that are under the person's custody or control.
 - (2) The person knows or reasonably should know that a child is likely to gain access to the firearm without the permission of the child's parent or legal guardian, or that a person prohibited from possessing a firearm or deadly weapon pursuant to state or federal law is likely to gain access to the firearm.
 - (3) The child or the prohibited person obtains access to the firearm and thereafter carries that firearm off-premises to any public or private preschool, elementary school, middle school, high school, or to any school-sponsored event, activity, or performance, whether occurring on school grounds or elsewhere.
- (c) A firearm that a child gains access to and carries off-premises in violation of this section shall be deemed "used in the commission of any misdemeanor as provided in this code or any felony" for the purpose of Section 29300 regarding the authority to confiscate firearms and other deadly weapons as a nuisance.

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(d) As used in this section, "off-premises" means premises other than the premises where the firearm was stored.

Penal Code section 25205 - Exceptions to Unlawful Storage of Firearm Accessed and Carried Off-Premises

Section 25200 does not apply if any of the following are true:

- (a) The child obtains the firearm as a result of an illegal entry into any premises by any person.
- (b) The firearm is kept in a locked container or in a location that a reasonable person would believe to be secure.
- (c) The firearm is locked with a locking device, as defined in Section 16860, which has rendered the firearm inoperable.
- (d) The firearm is carried on the person within close enough range that the individual can readily retrieve and use the firearm as if carried on the person.
- (e) The person is a peace officer or a member of the Armed Forces or National Guard and the child obtains the firearm during, or incidental to, the performance of the person's duties.
- (f) The child obtains, or obtains and discharges, the firearm in a lawful act of self-defense or defense of another person.
- (g) The person who keeps a firearm has no reasonable expectation, based on objective facts and circumstances, that a child is likely to be present on the premises.

Penal Code section 626.9 - Schools [excerpt, subdivisions (f), (g), and (k) - (q) not included]

- (a) This section shall be known, and may be cited, as the Gun-Free School Zone Act of 1995.
- (b) Any person who possesses a firearm in a place that the person knows, or reasonably should know, is a school zone as defined in paragraph (4) of subdivision (e), shall be punished as specified in subdivision (f).
- (c) Subdivision (b) does not apply to the possession of a firearm under any of the following circumstances:
 - (1) Within a place of residence or place of business or on private property, if the place of residence, place of business, or private property is not part of the school grounds and the possession of the firearm is otherwise lawful.
 - (2) (A) When the firearm is an unloaded pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed on the person is within a locked container in a motor vehicle or is within the locked trunk of a motor vehicle at all times.
 (B) This section does not prohibit or limit the otherwise lawful transportation of any other firearm, other than a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed on the person, in accordance with state law.
 - (3) When the person possessing the firearm reasonably believes that they are in grave danger because of circumstances forming the basis of a current restraining order issued by a court against another person or persons who has or have been found to pose a threat to their life or safety. This subdivision does not apply when the circumstances involve a mutual restraining order issued pursuant to Division 10 (commencing with Section 6200) of the Family Code absent a factual finding of a specific threat to the person's life or safety. Upon a trial for violating subdivision (b), the trier of a fact shall determine whether the defendant was acting out of a reasonable belief that they were in grave danger.
 - (4) When the person is exempt from the prohibition against carrying a concealed firearm pursuant to Section 25615, 25625, 25630, or 25645.
 - (5) When the person holds a valid license to carry the firearm pursuant to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 26150) of Division 5 of Title 4 of Part 6, who is carrying that firearm in an area that is within a distance of 1,000 feet from the grounds of the public or private school, but is not within any building, real property, or parking area under the control of a public or private school providing instruction in kindergarten or grades 1 to 12, inclusive, or on a street or sidewalk immediately adjacent to a building, real property, or parking area under the control of that public or private school. Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit a person holding a valid license to carry the firearm pursuant to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 26150) of Division 5 of Title 4 of Part 6 from carrying a firearm in accordance with that license as provided in subdivisions (b), (c), or (e) of Section 26230.
- (d) Except as provided in subdivision (b), it shall be unlawful for any person, with reckless disregard for the safety of another, to discharge, or attempt to discharge, a firearm in a school zone as defined in paragraph (4) of subdivision (e). The prohibition contained in this subdivision does not apply to the discharge of a firearm to the extent that the conditions of paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) are satisfied.
- (e) As used in this section, the following definitions shall apply:
 - (1) "Concealed firearm" has the same meaning as that term is given in Sections 25400 and 25610.
 - (2) "Firearm" has the same meaning as that term is given in subdivisions (a) to (d), inclusive, of Section 16520.
 - (3) "Locked container" has the same meaning as that term is given in Section 16850.
 - (4) "School zone" means an area in, or on the grounds of, a public or private school providing instruction in kindergarten or grades 1 to 12, inclusive, or within a distance of 1,000 feet from the grounds of the public or private school.

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE BUREAU OF FIREARMS STANDARD INITIAL AND RENEWAL APPLICATION FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A WEAPON CAPABLE OF BEING CONCEALED

- (f) [not included here]
- (g) [not included here]
- (h) Notwithstanding Section 25605, any person who brings or possesses a loaded firearm upon the grounds of a campus of, or buildings owned or operated for student housing, teaching, research, or administration by, a public or private university or college, that are contiguous or are clearly marked university property, unless it is with the written permission of the university or college president, their designee, or equivalent university or college authority, shall be punished by imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170 for two, three, or four years. Notwithstanding subdivision (k), a university or college shall post a prominent notice at primary entrances on noncontiguous property stating that firearms are prohibited on that property pursuant to this subdivision.
- (i) Notwithstanding Section 25605, any person who brings or possesses a firearm upon the grounds of a campus of, or buildings owned or operated for student housing, teaching, research, or administration by, a public or private university or college, that are contiguous or are clearly marked university property, unless it is with the written permission of the university or college president, their designee, or equivalent university or college authority, shall be punished by imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170 for one, two, or three years. Notwithstanding subdivision (k), a university or college shall post a prominent notice at primary entrances on noncontiguous property stating that firearms are prohibited on that property pursuant to this subdivision.
- (j) For purposes of this section, a firearm shall be deemed to be loaded when there is an unexpended cartridge or shell, consisting of a case that holds a charge of powder and a bullet or shot, in, or attached in any manner to, the firearm, including, but not limited to, in the firing chamber, magazine, or clip thereof attached to the firearm. A muzzle-loader firearm shall be deemed to be loaded when it is capped or primed and has a powder charge and ball or shot in the barrel or cylinder.

Penal Code section 26230 - Prohibited Places

- (a) A person granted a license to carry a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person pursuant to Section 26150, 26155, or 26170 shall not carry a firearm on or into any of the following:
 - (1) A place prohibited by Section 626.9.
 - (2) A building, real property, or parking area under the control of a preschool or childcare facility, including a room or portion of a building under the control of a preschool or childcare facility. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent the operator of a childcare facility in a family home from owning or possessing a firearm in the home if no child under child care at the home is present in the home or the firearm in the home is unloaded, stored in a locked container, and stored separately from ammunition when a child under child care at the home is present in the home a child under child care at the home is present in the home a child under child care at the home is present in the home a child under child care at the home is present in the home so long as the childcare provider notifies clients that there is a firearm in the home.
 - (3) A building, parking area, or portion of a building under the control of an officer of the executive or legislative branch of the state government, except as allowed pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 171c.
 - (4) A building designated for a court proceeding, including matters before a superior court, district court of appeal, or the California Supreme Court, parking area under the control of the owner or operator of that building, or a building or portion of a building under the control of the Supreme Court, unless the person is a justice, judge, or commissioner of that court.
 - (5) A building, parking area, or portion of a building under the control of a unit of local government, unless the firearm is being carried for purposes of training pursuant to Section 26165.
 - (6) A building, real property, and parking area under the control of an adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison, or jail.
 - (7) A building, real property, and parking area under the control of a public or private hospital or hospital affiliate, mental health facility, nursing home, medical office, urgent care facility, or other place at which medical services are customarily provided.
 - (8) A bus, train, or other form of transportation paid for in whole or in part with public funds, and a building, real property, or parking area under the control of a transportation authority supported in whole or in part with public funds.
 - (9) A building, real property, and parking area under the control of a vendor or an establishment where intoxicating liquor is sold for consumption on the premises.





- (10) A public gathering or special event conducted on property open to the public that requires the issuance of a permit from a federal, state, or local government and sidewalk or street immediately adjacent to the public gathering or special event but is not more than 1,000 feet from the event or gathering, provided this prohibition shall not apply to a licensee who must walk through a public gathering in order to access their residence, place of business, or vehicle.
- (11) A playground or public or private youth center, as defined in Section 626.95, and a street or sidewalk immediately adjacent to the playground or youth center.
- (12) A park, athletic area, or athletic facility that is open to the public and a street or sidewalk immediately adjacent to those areas, provided this prohibition shall not apply to a licensee who must walk through such a place in order to access their residence, place of business, or vehicle.
- (13) Real property under the control of the Department of Parks and Recreation or Department of Fish and Wildlife, except those areas designated for hunting pursuant to Section 5003.1 of the Public Resources Code, Section 4501 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations, or any other designated public hunting area, public shooting ground, or building where firearm possession is permitted by applicable law.
- (14) Any area under the control of a public or private community college, college, or university, including, but not limited to, buildings, classrooms, laboratories, medical clinics, hospitals, artistic venues, athletic fields or venues, entertainment venues, officially recognized university-related organization properties, whether owned or leased, and any real property, including parking areas, sidewalks, and common areas.
- (15) A building, real property, or parking area that is or would be used for gambling or gaming of any kind whatsoever, including, but not limited to, casinos, gambling establishments, gaming clubs, bingo operations, facilities licensed by the California Horse Racing Board, or a facility wherein banked or percentage games, any form of gambling device, or lotteries, other than the California State Lottery, are or will be played.
- (16) A stadium, arena, or the real property or parking area under the control of a stadium, arena, or a collegiate or professional sporting or eSporting event.
- (17) A building, real property, or parking area under the control of a public library.
- (18) A building, real property, or parking area under the control of an airport or passenger vessel terminal, as those terms are defined in subdivision (a) of Section 171.5.
- (19) A building, real property, or parking area under the control of an amusement park.
- (20) A building, real property, or parking area under the control of a zoo or museum.
- (21) A street, driveway, parking area, property, building, or facility, owned, leased, controlled, or used by a nuclear energy, storage, weapons, or development site or facility regulated by the federal Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
- (22) A church, synagogue, mosque, or other place of worship, including in any parking area immediately adjacent thereto, unless the operator of the place of worship clearly and conspicuously posts a sign at the entrance of the building or on the premises indicating that licenseholders are permitted to carry firearms on the property. Signs shall be of a uniform design as prescribed by the Department of Justice and shall be at least four inches by six inches in size.
- (23) A financial institution or parking area under the control of a financial institution.
- (25) A police, sheriff, or highway patrol station or parking area under control of a law enforcement agency.
- (25) A polling place, voting center, precinct, or other area or location where votes are being cast or cast ballots are being returned or counted, or the streets or sidewalks immediately adjacent to any of these places.
- (26) Any other privately owned commercial establishment that is open to the public, unless the operator of the establishment clearly and conspicuously posts a sign at the entrance of the building or on the premises indicating that licenseholders are permitted to carry firearms on the property. Signs shall be of a uniform design as prescribed by the Department of Justice and shall be at least four inches by six inches in size.
- (27) Any other place or area prohibited by other provisions of state law.
- (28) Any other place or area prohibited by federal law.
- (29) Any other place or area prohibited by local law.

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- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), except under paragraph (21) or (28) of subdivision (a), a licensee may transport a firearm and ammunition within their vehicle so long as the firearm is locked in a lock box, as defined in subdivision (y) of Section 4082 and subdivision (b) of Section 4094 of Title 11 of the California Code of Regulations, and the lock box is a firearm safety device, as defined in Section 16540, that is listed on the department's Roster of Firearm Safety Devices Certified for Sale pursuant to Sections 23650 and 23655. Nothing in this subdivision is intended to preempt local laws placing more restrictive requirements upon the storage of firearms in vehicles.
- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), except under paragraph (21) or (28) of subdivision (a), a licensee prohibited from carrying a concealed firearm into the parking area of a prohibited location specified in subdivision (a) shall be allowed to:
 - (1) Transport a concealed firearm or ammunition within a vehicle into or out of the parking area so long as the firearm is locked in a lock box.
 - (2) Store ammunition or a firearm within a locked lock box and out of plain view within the vehicle in the parking area. Nothing in this paragraph is intended to preempt local laws placing more restrictive requirements upon the storage of firearms in vehicles.
 - (3) Transport a concealed firearm in the immediate area surrounding their vehicle within a prohibited parking lot area only for the limited purpose of storing or retrieving a firearm within a locked lock box in the vehicle's trunk or other place inside the vehicle that is out of plain view.
- (d) For purposes of subdivision (c), a lock box is an item as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 4082 and subdivision (y) of Section 4094 of Title 11 of the California Code of Regulations, which is a firearm safety device, as defined in Section 16540, that is listed on the Department's Roster of Firearm Safety Devices Certified for Sale pursuant to Sections 23650 and 23655.
- (e) Except in the places specified in paragraph (14) of subdivision (a), a licensee shall not be in violation of this section while they are traveling along a public right-of-way that touches or crosses any of the premises identified in subdivision (a) if the concealed firearm is carried on their person in accordance with the provisions of this act or is being transported in a vehicle by the licensee in accordance with all other applicable provisions of law. Nothing in this section allows a person to loiter or remain in a place longer than necessary to complete their travel.
- (f) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the carrying of a firearm where it is otherwise expressly authorized by law.



Section 7 - Agreement to Restrictions and to Hold Harmless

I accept and assume all responsibility and liability for, injury to, or death of any person, or damage to any property which may result through an act or omission of either the licensee or the licensing authority. In the event any claim, suit or action is brought against the licensing authority, its chief officer or any of its employees, by reason of, or in connection with any such act or omission, the licensee shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the licensing authority, its chief officer or any of its employees from such claim, suit, or action.

I understand that the acceptance of any application by the licensing authority does not guarantee the issuance of a CCW license and that fees and costs are not refundable if denied. I further understand that if my application is approved and I am issued a CCW license, that the license is subject to restrictions placed upon it and that misuse of the license will cause an automatic revocation and possible arrest. I am aware that any use of a firearm may bring criminal action or civil liability against me.

I have read, understand, and agree to the CCW license liability clauses, conditions, and restrictions stated in this application and Agreement to Restrictions and to Hold Harmless.

I have read and understand the applicable Penal Code sections regarding false statements on a CCW Application, manslaughter, killing in defense of self or property, limitation on self-defense and defense of property, firearm storage and access by children or prohibited persons, and prohibited places, stated in this application.

I have read and understand the Firearms Prohibiting Categories enclosed with this application. I further acknowledge that these prohibiting categories can be amended or expanded by state or federal legislative or regulatory bodies and that any such amendment or expansion may affect my eligibility to hold a CCW license.

I hereby give permission to the licensing authority to which this application is made to conduct a background investigation of me and to contact any person or agency who may add to or aid in this investigation. I further authorize persons, firms,

agencies and institutions listed on this application to release or confirm information about me and statements I have made as

Notwithstanding any other provision of law and pursuant to the Public Records Act (Government Code section 7920.000 et seq.), I understand that information contained in this application may be a matter of public record and shall be made available

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Applicant Signature

Applicant Signature

Witness Signature

contained in this application.

upon request or court order.

Section 8 - Release of Information and Declaration

Badge Number

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE PAGE 17 of 17

Date

Witness Signature

Date

Date

BOF 4502 CCW Amendment Application 1.pdf



CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE BUREAU OF FIREARMS Carry Concealed Weapon License Amendment



Note: Do not use this form to change Carry Concealed Weapon (CCW) type (i.e., resident, judicial, reserve police officer, employment). You may change CCW type upon issuance of a renewal license, or submit a new CCW application prior to expiration of the existing CCW term.

Agency:				ORI Number:			
Last Name:	First Name:	Middle Name:		Date of Birth:			
CII Number:	Local Number:	Date of Issue:		Date of Amendment:			

REASON FOR CORRECTION

NAME CHANGE

Last Name:	First Name:	Middle Name:

RESIDENCE ADDRESS CHANGE

Street Address:	City:	County:	Zip Code:				

FIREARMS CORRECTIONS						
Add	Manufacturer:	Serial Number:	Caliber:	Model:	Туре:	
Delete						
Add	Manufacturer:	Serial Number:	Caliber:	Model:	Туре:	
Delete						
Add	Manufacturer:	Serial Number:	Caliber:	Model:	Туре:	
Delete						

Declaration		
l declare under p	enalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.	
Signature	Date	

Mail to:

Department of Justice Bureau of Firearms - CCW P.O. Box 160367 Sacramento, CA 95816-0367

BOF 8018 Firearms Prohibiting Categories 1.pdf



Persons who fall into the following categories are prohibited from owning and/or possessing firearms under California and/or federal law for the time periods described below. Please note that the Department of Justice provides this document for informational purposes only. This list may not be inclusive of all firearm prohibitions. For specific legal advice, please consult with an attorney.

Lifetime Prohibitions

Convictions

- Any person who has been convicted of, or has an outstanding warrant and knowledge of the same for, a felony under the laws of the United States, the State of California, or any other state, government, or country. (Cal. Penal Code § 29800(a) (1), (a)(3); 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(1).)
- Any person who has been convicted of a "violent offense" listed in California Penal Code section 29905. (Cal. Penal Code § 29900(a)(1).)
- Any person with two or more convictions for exhibiting any firearm in a rude, angry, or threatening manner in the
 presence of another person, except in self-defense, in violation of Penal Code section 417, subdivision (a)(2). (Cal. Penal
 Code § 29800(a)(2).)
- Any person convicted of a misdemeanor violation of the following offenses:
 - o Assault with a firearm. (Cal. Penal Code §§ 29800(a)(1), 23515(a), 245(a)(2).)
 - Assault with a machinegun, assault weapon, or .50 BMG rifle. (Cal. Penal Code §§ 29800(a)(1), 23515(a), 245 (a)(3).)
 - Shooting at an inhabited dwelling house, housecar, or camper, or at an occupied building, vehicle, or aircraft. (Cal.Penal Code §§ 29800(a)(1), 23515(b), 246.)
 - Exhibiting any firearm in a rude, angry, or threatening manner in the presence of a peace officer. (Cal. Penal Code §§ 29800(a)(1), 23515(d), 417(c).)
 - Inflicting corporal injury on a spouse or significant other under California Penal Code section 273.5, if convicted on or after January 1, 2019. (Cal. Penal Code § 29805(b).)
- Any person who has been convicted in any court of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence. (18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(9).)

Mental Health

- Any person who is found by a court of any state to be a danger to others because of a mental disorder or mental illness. (Cal. Welf. & Inst. Code § 8103(a).)
- Any person who is found by a court of any state to be a mentally disordered sex offender. (Cal. Welf. & Inst. Code § 8103 (a).)
- Any person who is found by a state or federal court to be not guilty by reason of insanity. (Cal. Welf. & Inst. Code § 8103 (b), (c).)
- Any person who is found by a state or federal court to be mentally incompetent to stand trial. (Cal. Welf. & Inst. Code § 8103(d).)
- Any person who, within one year, is taken into custody two or more times as a danger to self or others under Welfare and Institutions Code section 5150 and assessed and admitted to a mental health facility. (Cal. Welf. & Inst. Code § 8103(f) (1)(B).)



 Any person who has been adjudicated as a mental defective or who has been committed to a mental institution. (18 U.S. C. § 922(g)(4).)

<u>Miscellaneous</u>

- Any person who is a fugitive from justice. (18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(2).)
- Any person who is an alien illegally or unlawfully in the United States, or admitted to the United States under a nonimmigrant visa (subject to certain exceptions). (18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(5).)
- Any person who has been discharged from the military under dishonorable conditions. (18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(6).)
- Any person who has renounced his or her United States citizenship. (18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(7).)

10-Year Prohibitions

When a person has been convicted of, or has an outstanding warrant and knowledge of the same for, a misdemeanor violation of any of the offenses listed below (Cal. Penal Code § 29805(a), (c), (d), (e), (f)):

- Threatening public officers, employees, and school officials. (Cal. Penal Code § 71.)
- Threatening certain public officers, appointees, judges, staff or their families with the intent and apparent ability to carry out the threat. (Cal. Penal Code § 76.)
- Intimidating witnesses or victims. (Cal. Penal Code § 136.1.)
- Possessing a deadly weapon with the intent to intimidate a witness or victim. (Cal. Penal Code § 136.5.)
- Using force or threatening to use force against a witness, victim, or informant. (Cal. Penal Code § 140.)
- Attempting to remove or take a firearm from the person or immediate presence of a public or peace officer. (Cal. Penal Code § 148(d).)
- Knowingly making a false report to a peace officer that a firearm has been lost or stolen. (Cal. Penal Code § 148.5(f).)
- Unauthorized possession of a weapon in a courtroom, courthouse, or court building, or at a public meeting. (Cal. Penal Code § 171b.)
- Bringing into or possessing a loaded firearm within the State Capitol, any legislative office, any legislative hearing room, or any office of the Governor or any other constitutional officer. (Cal. Penal Code § 171c(a)(1).)
- Bringing onto the grounds a loaded firearm, or possessing a loaded firearm within, the Governor's Mansion or residence of any other constitutional officer. (Cal. Penal Code § 171d.)
- Knowingly supplying, selling, or giving possession of a firearm to a person to commit a felony while actively participating in a criminal street gang. (Cal. Penal Code § 186.28.)
- Assault. (Cal. Penal Code §§ 240, 241.)
- Battery. (Cal. Penal Code §§ 242, 243.)
- Sexual Battery. (Cal. Penal Code § 243.4.)
- Assault with a stun gun or taser weapon. (Cal. Penal Code § 244.5.)
- Assault with a deadly weapon other than a firearm, or assault with force likely to produce great bodily injury. (Cal. Penal Code § 245(a)(1), (4).)
- When the victim is a school employee engaged in performance of duties, assault with a firearm, assault with a deadly weapon or instrument, assault by any means likely to produce great bodily injury, or assault with a stun gun or taser. (Cal. Penal Code § 245.5.)



- Discharging a firearm or BB gun in a grossly negligent manner. (Cal. Penal Code § 246.3.)
- Shooting at an unoccupied aircraft or motor vehicle, or at an uninhabited building or dwelling house. (Cal. Penal Code § 247.)
- Inflicting corporal injury on a spouse or significant other, if convicted before January 1, 2019. (Cal. Penal Code § 273.5.)
- Intentionally and knowingly violating a protective or restraining order. (Cal. Penal Code § 273.6.)
- Exhibiting any deadly weapon or firearm in a rude, angry, or threatening manner in the presence of another person, except in self-defense. (Cal. Penal Code § 417.)
- Intentionally inflicting serious bodily injury as a result of exhibiting a deadly weapon or firearm in the presence of another person. (Cal. Penal Code § 417.6.)
- Making threats to commit a crime which will result in death of, or great bodily injury to, another person. (Cal. Penal Code § 422.)
- Interference with the exercise of civil rights because of actual or perceived characteristics of the victim. (Cal. Penal Code § 422.6.)
- Possessing a firearm in a place the person knows or reasonably should know is a school zone. (Cal. Penal Code § 626.9.)
- Stalking. (Cal. Penal Code § 646.9.)
- Wearing a peace officer uniform while engaged in picketing or other public informational activities relating to a concerted refusal to work. (Cal. Penal Code § 830.95.)
- Possessing a deadly weapon with the intent to commit an assault. (Cal. Penal Code § 17500.)
- Carrying a concealed firearm, loaded firearm, or other deadly weapon while engaged in picketing or other public informational activities relating to a concerted refusal to work. (Cal. Penal Code § 17510.)
- Carrying a firearm in a public place or on a public street while masked. (Cal. Penal Code § 25300.)
- Carrying a loaded firearm with the intent to commit a felony. (Cal. Penal Code § 25800.)
- Possession of handgun ammunition designed primarily to penetrate metal or armor. (Cal. Penal Code § 30315.)
- Unauthorized possession or knowing transportation of a machinegun. (Cal. Penal Code § 32625.)
- As the driver or owner of any vehicle, knowingly permitting another person to discharge a firearm from the vehicle, or any person who willfully and maliciously discharges a firearm from a motor vehicle. (Cal. Penal Code § 26100(b), (d).)
- A firearms dealer who sells, transfers, or gives possession of a handgun, semiautomatic centerfire rifle, completed frame or receiver, or firearm precursor part to a person under 21 years of age, when no exception applies. (Cal. Penal Code § 27510.)
- Purchase, possession, or receipt of a firearm or deadly weapon by a person receiving in-patient treatment for a mental disorder while a danger to self or others, or by a person who has communicated to a licensed psychotherapist a serious threat of physical violence against an identifiable victim. (Welf. & Inst. Code § 8100.)
- Knowingly providing a deadly weapon or firearm to a person described in Welfare and Institutions Code sections 8100 or 8103. (Cal. Welf. & Inst. Code § 8101.)
- Purchase, possession, or receipt of a firearm or deadly weapon by a person who has been found by a court to be a
 danger to others because of a mental disorder or mental illness, to be a mentally disordered sex offender, to be not
 guilty by reason of insanity, or to be mentally incompetent to stand trial. (Cal. Welf. & Inst. Code § 8103(a), (b), (c),
 (d).)



- Purchase, possession, or receipt of a firearm by a person placed under a conservatorship for specified reasons, by a
 person taken into custody as a danger to self or others under Welfare and Institutions Code section 5150 and assessed
 and admitted to a mental health facility, or by a person certified for intensive treatment under Welfare and Institutions
 Code sections 5250, 5260, or 5270.15. (Cal. Welf. & Inst. Code § 8103(e), (f)(1)(A), (g).)
- Knowingly bringing a firearm into, or knowingly possessing a firearm in, a juvenile facility. (Cal. Welf. & Inst. Code § 871.5.)
- Knowingly bringing a firearm into, or knowingly possessing a firearm in, a Youth Authority institution or camp. (Cal. Welf. & Inst. Code § 1001.5.)
- Grand theft of a firearm. (Cal. Penal Code § 487.)
- Various violations involving sales and transfers of firearms. (Cal. Penal Code § 27590(c).)
- Storing a firearm knowing that a child or person prohibited from possessing firearms is likely to gain access to the firearm, if convicted on or after January 1, 2020. (Cal. Penal Code § 25100.)
- While residing with a person prohibited from possessing firearms, failing to keep the firearm secure in the residence in one of the specified manners, if convicted on or after January 1, 2020. (Cal. Penal Code § 25135.)
- Storing a firearm knowing that a child or person prohibited from possessing firearms is likely to gain access to the firearm, and the child or prohibited person accesses the firearm and carries it off-premises, if convicted on or after January 1, 2020. (Cal. Penal Code § 25200.)
- Willfully harming, injuring, or endangering the health of a child, if convicted on or after January 1, 2023. (Cal. Penal Code § 273a.)
- Willfully harming, injuring, or endangering the health of an elder or dependent adult, or falsely imprisoning an elder or dependent adult, if convicted on or after January 1, 2023. (Cal. Penal Code § 368(b), (c).)
- Knowingly helping a person prohibited from possessing firearms to manufacture a firearm, or knowingly manufacturing a firearm without a valid state or federal serial number, if convicted on or after January 1, 2023. (Cal. Penal Code § 29180(e), (f).)
- Illegally carrying a concealed firearm or a loaded firearm in public when certain conditions are met, if convicted on or after January 1, 2024. (Cal. Penal Code §§ 25400(c)(5) (7), 25850(c)(5) (7).)
- Illegally carrying an unloaded firearm in public, if convicted on or after January 1, 2024. (Cal. Penal Code §§ 26350(a), 26400(a).)
- Having a prior conviction for a misdemeanor violation of Penal Code section 29805, if convicted on or after January 1, 2024. (Cal. Penal Code § 29805(f).)



Juvenile Prohibitions

- Until 30 years of age or older, any person who is adjudged a ward of the juvenile court under Welfare and Institutions Code section 602 because the person committed an offense listed below (Cal. Penal Code § 29820):
 - An offense listed in Welfare and Institutions Code section 707(b);
 - o An offense listed in Penal Code section 29805;
 - A controlled substance offense listed in paragraphs (B), (C), (D), (E), or (F) of Penal Code section 29820(a)(1);
 - o Carrying a loaded firearm in public under Penal Code section 25850;
 - o Carrying a concealed firearm under Penal Code section 25400(a); or
 - As the driver or owner of a motor vehicle, knowingly permitting another person to bring a firearm into the vehicle, under Penal Code section 26100(a).

Non-Lifetime Mental Health Prohibitions

- For the period of admittance until discharge from a mental health facility, any person who is receiving in-patient treatment at a mental health facility for a mental disorder and is a danger to self or others. (Cal. Welf. & Inst. Code § 8100(a).)
- For the period of the conservatorship, any person who is placed under a conservatorship by a state or federal court because he or she is gravely disabled from a mental disorder or chronic alcoholism and the court finds that possession of a firearm would endanger the person or others. (Cal. Welf. & Inst. Code § 8103(e).)
- For a period of 5 years from the date that a licensed psychotherapist reports to a local law enforcement agency, any person who communicates a serious threat of physical violence to a licensed psychotherapist against a reasonably identifiable victim and the psychotherapist reports the threat to law enforcement. (Cal. Welf. & Inst. Code § 8100(b).)
- For a period of 5 years after being released from a mental health facility, any person who is taken into custody as a danger to self or others under Welfare and Institutions Code section 5150, assessed, and admitted to a mental health facility. (Cal. Welf. & Inst. Code § 8103(f).)
- For a period of 5 years, any person certified for intensive treatment under Welfare and Institutions Code sections 5250, 5260, or 5270.15. (Cal. Welf. & Inst. Code § 8103(g).)
- After July 1, 2024, until successful completion of the pretrial mental health diversion under Penal Code section 1001.36(m) or the restoration of firearm rights under Welfare and Institutions Code section 8103(g)(4), any person found by a court to be prohibited from owning or controlling a firearm because they are a danger to themselves or others and has been granted pretrial mental health diversion under Penal Code section 1001.36(m). (Cal. Welf. & Inst. Code § 8103(i).)



Non-Lifetime Court-Ordered Prohibitions

- For the period of probation, any person who is ordered to not possess firearms as a condition of probation. (Cal. Penal Code § 29815.)
- For the period that a court order is in effect, any person who is subject to one of the following orders that includes a prohibition from owning or possessing a firearm (Cal. Penal Code § 29825):
 - o A civil harassment temporary restraining order under Code of Civil Procedure section 527.6;
 - o A workplace violence temporary restraining order under Code of Civil Procedure section 527.8;
 - A private postsecondary school violence temporary restraining order under Code of Civil Procedure section 527.85;
 - o A domestic violence protective order under Family Code section 6218;
 - o A criminal protective order under Penal Code section 136.2;
 - o A stalking protective order under Penal Code section 646.91;
 - An elder or dependent adult abuse temporary restraining order under Welfare and Institutions Code section 15657.03; or
 - A valid order issued by an out-of-state jurisdiction that is similar or equivalent to a temporary restraining order injunction, or protective order, as specified in Penal Code section 29825.
- For the period of 21 days, any person subject to a temporary emergency Gun Violence Restraining Order (GVRO) or subject to an ex parte GVRO. (Cal. Penal Code §§ 18148, 18165.)
- For a period of 1 to 5 years, any person subject to a GVRO after notice and hearing. (Cal. Penal Code § 18170.)
- For a period of 5 years after an existing GVRO expires, any person who possesses a firearm or ammunition while knowingly subject to a GVRO prohibiting the person from doing so and is convicted for such possession. (Cal. Penal Code § 18205.)
- Any person who is subject to a court order that meets certain requirements and restrains the person from harassing, threatening, stalking, or threatening an intimate partner or child. (18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(8).)

Miscellaneous Prohibitions

- Any person who is addicted to the use of any narcotic drug. (Cal. Penal Code § 29800(a)(1).)
- Any person who is an unlawful user of or addicted to any controlled substance. (18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(3).)

Davis PD Approved Insructors.pdf

DAVIS POLICE DEPARMENT

APPROVED FIREARMS SAFETY COURSES FOR CCW PERMITS

A CCW license applicant shall successfully complete a firearms safety and proficiency examination with a Department approved firearms safety and proficiency examiner using the weapon(s) that will be listed on the permit. The cost of any outside training/examination shall be the responsibility of the applicant. The training course will be up to sixteen (16) hours and will minimally include firearms safety and the laws regarding the permissible use of a firearm.

The applicant is responsible for contacting one of the approved trainers/examiners and scheduling their own training. After the completion of the training, the applicant will need to provide the Davis Police Department with their training completion certification.

Approved Trainers/Examiners

1. <u>Liberty Firearms Training</u>. They provide group or private lessons and CCW certification.

http://libertyfirearmstraining.com/ (916) 730-4534

Approved Examination

Course of Fire: 50 rounds (All stages are unsupported.)

15 yards - 6 rounds in 30 seconds
7 yards - 14 rounds in 45 seconds (includes 2 reloads; mags 6,6, and 2; 6 standing, 8 kneeling)
7 yards - 6 rounds in 10 seconds (any position)
7 yards - 12 rounds in 25 seconds (includes reload); 6 strong hand (reload and switch hands), 6 support hand
5 yards - 6 rounds (2 stages: 3 rounds in 4 seconds)
3 yards - 6 rounds (3 stages: 2 rounds in 3 seconds)

Silhouette targets shall be used. A 5 point score shall be granted for each round discharged inside of the seven (7) ring (center mass). Each individual shall qualify with an 80% score (200 out of 250 points) on the scoring segment.

2. <u>Lagomarsino Firearms Institute</u>. They provide CCW certifications in both the private and group setting.

http://www.lfiguns.com/ (209) 401-0907 ccwtrainer@live.com

Approved Examination

SEMI-AUTOS & 6 SHOT (OR MORE) REVOLVERS 12 yards – Draw, fire 6rds, reload, fire 6rds (no time limit) 10 yards – Draw, fire 6rds, reload, fire 6rds (no time limit) 5 yards – Draw, fire 6rds, reload, fire 6rds (no time limit)

5 SHOT REVOLVERS

12 yards – Draw, fire 5rds, reload, fire 5rds (no time limit) 10 yards – Draw, fire 5rds, reload, fire 5rds (no time limit) 5 yards – Draw, fire 5rds, reload, fire 5rds (no time limit)

To pass, the shooter must achieve a minimum of 80% of their shots (29 out of 36 for most guns and 24 out of 30 for 5 shot revolvers) in the large thoracic hit zone (14" x 16") of a TQ-15 target and demonstrate proficiency with gun safety, gun functionality, gun manipulations, shooting fundamentals and accuracy. All shots fired must impact the body silhouette. A total of 2 attempts per gun, per day will be allowed.

3. <u>Blue ridge Consulting & Firearms.</u> They provide CCW certifications in both the private and group setting.

http://www.brcarms.com/ (707) 689-0172 dave@brcarms.com

Approved Examination

Begin with three (2) full magazines.

Fifteen Yard Line 10 Rounds 2 round strings standing strong hand (Two handed)

Ten Yard Line, 10 rounds,/2 magazines 25 seconds 3 rounds standing strong hand (Two handed) 3 rounds kneeling strong hand (Two handed) -Reload new magazine 4 rounds slow controlled fire

Seven Yard Line, 10 rounds, 30 seconds 4 rounds standing strong hand (Two handed) 3 rounds standing weak hand(Two handed) -Reload new magazine 6 rounds kneeing strong handed 6 rounds kneeing weak handed

Five Yard Line, 10 rounds, 15 seconds 2 round side step drill (steps left and right of target) 40 rounds total

70% = 28 rounds (Inside the 8 Ring)

4. <u>One on One Firearms LLC</u> Provides CCW Initial and Renewal Instruction in group and private settings.

www.oneononefirearms.com 916-494-9663 joe@oneononefirearms.com

Approved Examination

Live-Fire Course	
Distance (yards)	Rounds (Total 30)
1.5	5
3	5
5	10 (5 reload 5)
7	5
10	5

Passing Percentage 80%

Target Dimensions: 12 inches x 16 inches