A E	Post-Construction Water Balance Calculator						
3	User may make changes from any cell that is orange or brown in color (similar to the cells to the immediate right).		(Step 1a) If you know the 85th percentile storm event for your location enter it in the box below	(Step 1b) If you can not answer 1a then select the county where the project is located (click on the cell to the right for drop-down): This will determine the average 85th percentile 24 hr. storm event for your site, which will appear under precipitation to left.		Y	DLO
4	Cens in green are calculated for you.			(Step 1c) if you would like a more percise value select the location closest to your site. If you do not recgonize any of these locations, leave this drop-down menu at location. The average value for the County will be used.	DAVIS 2 WSW EXP FARM		
5	Project Information	1		Runo	off Calculation	s	
6	Project Name:	ne: 315 East		(Step 2) Indicate the Soil Type (dropdown menu to right):	Group A Soils High infiltration. Sand, loamy sand or sandy loam. Infiltration rate > 0. inch/hr when wet.		ration. Sand, loamy sand, oam. Infiltration rate > 0.3 nch/hr when wet.
7	Waste Discharge Identification (WDID):			(Step 3) Indicate the existing dominant non-built land Use Type (dropdown menu to right):	Wood	& Grass: <	50% ground cover
8	Date:	8/1	17/2021	(Step 4) Indicate the proposed <b>dominant</b> non-built land Use Type (dropdown menu to right):	Lawn, Grass, or Pasture covering more than 75% of the open space		
9	Sub Drainage Area Name (from map):	To	tal Site		Complete	Either	
10	Runof	f Curve Numbers			Sq Ft	Acres	Acres
11	Existing Pervious I	Runoff Curve Number	84	(Step 5) Total Project Site Area:	82409		1.89
12	Proposed Development Pervious I	Runoff Curve Number	66	(Step 6) Sub-watershed Area:	82409		1.89
13	D	esign Storm		Percent of total project :		1	00%
	Based on the County you indicated						
	percentile average 24 hr event - P85	0.65	in				
15	The Amount of rainfall needed for runoff to occur (Existing runoff curve number -P from existing RCN (in)^)	0.38	In	(Step 7) Sub-watershed Conditions	Complete	Either	Calculated Acres
16	P used for calculations (in) (the greater of the above two criteria)	0.65	In	Sub-watershed Area (acres)	Sa Et	Acres	1 89
17	^Available at			Existing Rooftop Impervious Coverage	32148	Acres	0.76
				Existing Non-Rooftop Impervious Coverage	00140		0.70
18				Proposed Rooftop Impervious Coverage	21634	U	0.50
19				Proposed Non-Rooftop Impervious	28412	0	0.65
20				Coverage	9834	0	0.23
21 22				Credits	Acre	s	Square Feet
23				Porous Pavement	0.31		13,504
24		0.470	0.5	<u>iree Planting</u>	0.00		U
25	Pre-Project Runoff Volume (cu ft)	2,178	Cu.Ft.	Downspout Disconnection	0.33	5	14,375
	Project-Related Runoff Volume Increase w/o credits (cu ft)	3,566	Cu.Ft.	, . <u>.</u>			0.075
26 27				Impervious Area Disconnection Green Roof	0.16	)	6,970
28				Stream Buffer	0.00	)	0
29	Device the Delete of Mal			Vegetated Swales	0.00	)	0
30	with Credits (cu ft)	1,736	Cu.Ft.	Subtotal	0.80	)	34,848
31				Subtotal Runoff Volume Reduction Credit	1830	Cu. Ft.	
32							
33	You need to do more imper	vious area reduction	to meet minimum	(Step 9) Impervious Volume Reduction Credits		Volume (	(cubic feet)
34	re	quirements		Rain Barrale/Oistana		Cu. Ft.	
35				Soil Quality	0	Cu. Ft.	
36				Subtotal Runoff Volume Reduction	0	Cu. Ft.	
37				Total Runoff Volume Reduction Credit	1,830	Cu. Ft.	
38							
39							

#### Porous Pavement Credit Worksheet

Please fill out a porous pavement credit worksheet for each project sub-watershed. For the PROPOSED Development:

	Fill in either Acres or SqFt			
Proposed Porous Pavement	Runoff Reduction*	In SqFt.	In Acres	Equivalent Acres
Area of Brick without Grout on less than 12 inches of base with at least 20% void				
space over soil	0.45			0.00
Area of Brick without Grout on more than 12 inches of base with at least 20% void				
space over soil	0.90			0.00
Area of Cobbles less than 12 inches deep and over soil	0.30			0.00
Area of Cobbles less than 12 inches deep and over soil	0.60			0.00
Area of Reinforced Grass Pavement on less than 12 inches of base with at least 20%				
void space over soil	0.45			0.00
Area of Reinforced Grass Pavement on at least 12 inches of base with at least 20%				
void space over soil	0.90			0.00
Area of Porous Gravel Pavement on less than 12 inches of base with at least 20%				
void space over soil	0.38			0.00
Area of Porous Gravel Pavement on at least 12 inches of base with at least 20% void				
space over soil	0.75			0.00
Area of Poured Porous Concrete or Asphalt Pavement with less than 4 inches of				
gravel base (washed stone)	0.40			0.00
Area of Poured Porous Concrete or Asphalt Pavement with 4 to 8 inches of gravel				
base (washed stone)	0.60			0.00
Area of Poured Porous Concrete or Asphalt Pavement with 8 to 12 inches of gravel				
base (washed stone)	0.80			0.00
Area of Poured Porous Concrete or Asphalt Pavement with 12 or more inches of				
gravel base (washed stone)	1.00	13297		0.31

\*=1.Rv\*\* <u>Return to Calculator</u> \*\*Using Site Design Techniques to meet Development Standards for Stormwater Quality (BASMAA 2003) \*\*NCDENR Stormwater BMP Manual (2007)

Tree Planting Credit Worksheet Please fill out a tree canopy credit worksheet for each project sub-watershed.

	Number of Trees	
Tree Canopy Credit Criteria	Planted	Credit (acres
Number of proposed evergreen trees to be planted (credit = number of trees x 0.005)*	0	0.00
Number of proposed deciduous trees to be planted (credit = number of trees x 0.0025)*		0.00
	Square feet Under Canopy	
Square feet under an existing tree canopy, that will remain on the property, with an average diameter at 4.5 ft above grade (i.e., diameter at breast height or DBH) is LESS than 12 in diameter.		0.00
Square feet under an existing tree canopy that will remain on the property, with an average diameter at 4.5 ft above grade (i.e., diameter at breast height or DBH) is 12 in diameter or GREATER.	4905	0.00
Please describe below how the project will ensure that these trees will be maintained.		

\* credit amount based on credits from Stormwater Quality Design Manual for the Sacramento and South Placer Regions

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0

# **Downspout Disconnection Credit Worksheet**

Please fill out a downspout disconnection credit worksheet for each project subwatershed. If you answer yes to all questions, all rooftop area draining to each downspout will be subtracted from your proposed rooftop impervious coverage.

Dow	nspout Disc	onnect	ion Credit Criteria		
Do downspouts and any extension crawl space or concrete slab?	ons extend at	least si	x feet from a basement and two feet from a	🖲 Yes	ON₀
Is the area of roofton connecting to each disconnected downspout 600 square feet or less?					⊖ No
				Yes	O No
Is the roof runoff from the design storm event fully contained in a raised bed or planter box or does it drain as sheet flow to a landscaped area large enough to contain the roof runoff from the design storm event?					
The Stream Buffer and/or Vegetated Swale credits <b>will not</b> be taken in this sub-watershed area?					● No
Percentage of existing					
Percentage of the proposed	5	50			
	Return to	Calculator			

### Impervious Area Disconnection Credit Worksheet

Please fill out an impervious area disconnection credit worksheet for each project sub-watershed. If you answer yes to all questions, all non-rooftop impervious surface area will be subtracted from your proposed non-rooftop impervious coverage.

Non-Rooftop Disconnection Credit Criteria		sponse
Is the maximum contributing impervious flow path length less than 75 feet or, if equal or	Yes	⊖ No
trench) implemented to achieve the required disconnection length?		
Is the impervious area to any one discharge location less than 5,000 square feet?	• Yes	() No
The Stream Buffer credit <b>will not</b> be taken in this sub-watershed area?	) Yes	() No

Percentage of existing	0.50	Acres non-rooftop surface area disconnected	
Percentage of the			70
proposed	0.23	Acres non-rooftop surface area disconnected	70
8			8

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## Green Roof Credit Worksheet

Please fill out a greenroof credit worksheet for each project sub-watershed. If you answer yes to all questions, 70% of the greenroof area will be subtracted from your proposed rooftop impervious coverage.

Green Roof Credit Criteria	Res	ponse
Is the roof slope less than 15% or does it have a grid to hold the substrate in place until it forms a thick vegetation mat?	() Yes	۱ No
Has a professional engineer assessed the necessary load reserves and designed a roof structure to meet state and local codes?	() Yes	● No
Is the irrigation needed for plant establishment and/or to sustain the green roof during extended dry periods, is the source from stored, recycled, reclaimed, or reused water?	⊖ Yes	) No
Percentage of existing 0.76 Acres rooftop surface area in greenroof Percentage of the		
proposed 0.65 Acres rooftop surface area in greenroof		

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#### Stream Buffer Credit Worksheet

Please fill out a stream buffer credit worksheet for each project sub-watershed. If you answer yes to all questions, you may subtract all impervious surface draining to each stream buffer that has not been addressed using the Downspout and/or Impervious Area Disconnection credits.

	Response			
Does runoff enter the floodprone as sheet flow**?	⊖ Yes	ا آن ا		
Is the contributing overland slope	() Yes	۱ No		
Is the buffer area protected from	vehicle or	other traffic barriers to reduce compaction?	⊖ Yes	🖲 No
Will the stream buffer be maintained in an ungraded and uncompacted condition and will the vegetation be maintained in a natural condition?				) No
Percentage of existing 1.26 Percentage of the proposed 0.88	Acres Acres	impervious surface area draining into a stream buffer: impervious surface area that will drain into a stream buffer:		
Please describe below how the p uncompacted condition and that t				

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\* floodprone width is the width at twice the bankfull depth.
\*\* the maximum contributing length shall be 75 feet for impervious area

#### Vegetated Swale Credit Worksheet

Please fill out a vegetated swale worksheet for each project subwatershed. If you answer yes to all questions, you may subtract all impervious surface draining to each stream buffer that has not been addressed using the Downspout Disconnection credit.

# Vegetated Swale Credit Criteria

Have all vegetated swales been designed in accordance with Treatment Control BMP 30 (TC-30 -Vegetated Swale) from the California Stormwater BMP Handbook, New Development and Redevelopment (available at www.cabmphandbooks.com)?



Is the maximum flow velocity for runoff from the design storm event less than or equal to 1.0 foot per second?

Percentage of existing	1 26	Acres of impervious area draining to a vegetated swale	
Fercentage of existing	1.20	Acres of impervious area draining to a vegetated swale	
Percentage of the proposed	0.88	Acres of impervious area draining to a vegetated swale	
•		Return to Calculator	•

## Rain Barrel/Cistern Credit Worksheet

Please fill out a rain barrel/cistern worksheet for each project sub-watershed.

Rain Barrel/Cistern Credit Criteria	Response
Total number of rain barrel(s)/cisterns	
Average capacity of rain barrel(s)/cistern(s) (in gallons)	
Total capacity rain barrel(s)/cistern(s) (in cu ft) <sup>1</sup>	0

<sup>1</sup> accounts for 10% loss

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Please fill out a soil quality worksheet for each project sub-watershed.

	Response
Will the landscaped area be lined with an impervious membrane?	
Will the soils used for landscaping meet the ideal bulk densities listed in Table 1 below? <sup>1</sup>	◯ Yes
If you answered yes to the question above, and you know the area-weighted bulk density within the top 12 inches for soils used for landscaping (in g/cm <sup>3</sup> )* , fill in the cell to the right and skip to cell G11. If not select from the drop-down menu in G10.	1.3
If you answered yes to the question above, but you do not know the exact bulk density, which of the soil types in the drop down menu to the right best describes the top 12 inches for soils used for landscaping (in $g/cm^3$ ).	Sandy loams, loams
What is the average depth of your landscaped soil media meeting the above criteria (inches)?	4
What is the total area of the landscaped areas meeting the above criteria (in acres)?	0.71

Table 1	
Sands, loamy sands	<1.6
Sandy loams, loams	<1.4
Sandy clay loams, loams, clay loams	<1.4
Silts, silt loams	<1.3
Silt loams, silty clay loams	<1.1
Sandy clays, silty clays, some clay	
loams (35-45% clay)	<1.1
Clays (>45% clay)	<1.1

<sup>1</sup> USDA NRCS. "Soil Quality Urban Technical Note No.2-Urban Soil Compaction". March 2000.

http://soils.usda.gov/sqi/management/files/sq\_utn\_2.pdf

\* To determine how to calculate density see: http://www.globe.gov/tctg/bulkden.pdf?sectionID=94 Return to Calculator

Porosity (%) 50.94%

Mineral grains in many soils are mainly quartz and feldspar, so 2.65 a good average for particle density. To determine percent porosity, use the formula: Porosity (%) = (1-Bulk Density/2.65) X 100